



Progress and Roadmap for the GOFC-GOLD Global Fire Early Warning System



WJ (Bill) de Groot

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Aspects to Include

Items to include in future that influence fire behaviour and **EWS** Products:

- spatial rainfall (esp. at low amounts)
- biomass (fuel load), affecting emissions as well as fire behaviour
- Fire behaviour: fire radiative energy, indicating fuel consumption and emissions; fuel consumption with rate of fire spread, indicates fire intensity



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Next Steps - Regional Calibration



• use fire occurrence and area burned data to calibrate indices to regional fire regimes







Regional EWS Prototype: Central and South America





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Additional Fire Danger Criteria



incorporate snowfree and snowcover to start and end fire season (necessary for correcting spring Drought Code)
live fuel moisture information needed to simulate seasonal greenup/curing (grasslands, mixedwood and hardwood forests)





Technology Transfer and Capacity Building



- 1. Training in FDRS/EWS and fire management
- 2. Develop local decision-aids
- 3. Train the trainer local capacity building









Prevention and Detection Planning Guide

			Detection	
Potential Ignition Level		Prevention Activity	Activity	Period
Low	1	None	None	None
Moderate	F	Post local warning signs	towers	mid-day
High	L F	Local media warnings Prescribed fire restrictions	towers vehicle patrol	all day mid-day
Extreme	٦ F L	TV and radio warnings Prescribed fire exclusion Local community meetings	towers vehicle patrol aircraft patrol	all day all day mid-day







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Monthly Fire Weather Index Forecast

(http://www.cefa.dri.edu/CFS/fwi.php)



Revise **GOFC-GOLD** website





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Revise GOFC-GOLD website



Fire and Emissions Modeling







CanFIRE (Canadian Fire Effects Model)

3 Fuel Consumption components:

- aboveground (canopy)
- dead woody debris
- forest floor















Area Burned Data











Simulation Procedures



Calculate daily fire weather







Date of Burn

MODIS hot spots used to determine daily fire activity



Julian Date

165
166
100
167
168
169
170
171
472
172
173
174
175
176
177
178
470
179



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Fire Weather Interpolation

Fire weather is interpolated to each fire (averaged by weather associated with each MODIS hot spot)





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Moderate

Hiał

Boreal Fire Regimes



Canada: 1028 fires Area burned: 6.1 M ha

Russia: 30,243 fires Area burned: 39.7 M ha





Next Step: Boreal Fire Regimes (1979-2009)







Carbon Emissions Modeling



- 25 large fires in Canada 2006-2008
- Landsat area burned
- daily fire spread by MODIS hotspots
- daily fire weather
- bottom-up calculation of C emissions using fuels, weather data and fire behaviour modeling (fuel consumption) by CanFIRE
- Fuels forest inventory, CBM-CFS3, national FBP database, (EO biomass dataset?)
- will test with different fuels databases, 1-day and daily fire spread simulations
- Martin Wooster FRP data







Thank You

GOFC-GOLD Global Fire EWS Project Team

WJ de Groot
 JG Goldammer
 J San-Miguel-Ayanz
 T Brown
 CO Justice
 TJ Lynham
 IA Csiszar
 Kondian Forest Service
 Kondian Forest Service



